

Community & Corporate Affairs

- Community Engagement
- Driver Education
- Corporate Communications
- Government and Public Policy
- Future Mobility
- Safety and Infrastructure

Our purpose

Better for members, better for our community

through our products and services, and supporting our local communities.



Safety and Infrastructure

- Regional Road Assessments
- Report -a-Road
- Risky Roads (and Rides) Surveys
- Road Safety Audits
- Traffic investigations
- Black Spot Submissions
- Standards Australia revisions
- Media and Advocacy
- Road Rules Information Service





Regional Road Assessments

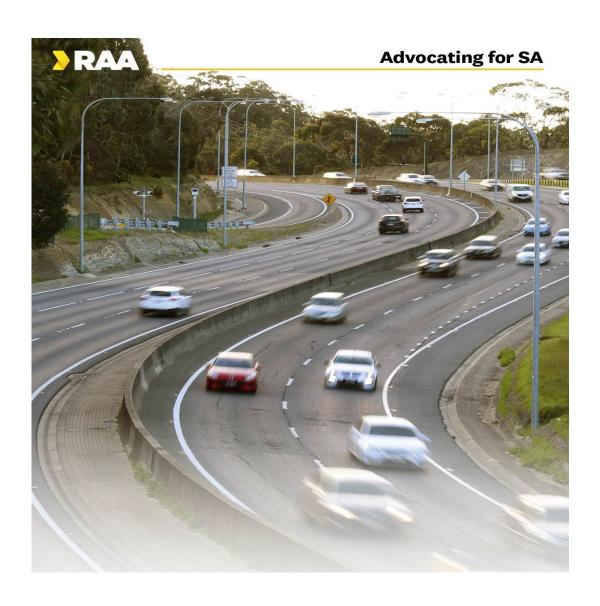


Transport & access throughout SA Focus on regions:

- Yorke Peninsula (2019)
- Limestone Coast (2019)
- Adelaide Hills Report (2020)
- Fleurieu Peninsula (2021)
- Murray Lands (2022)
- Broken Hill Region (2022)
- Eyre Peninsula (2023)



Major Road Assessments



- South Eastern Freeway (May 2020)
- Victor Harbor Road (May 2021)
- Horrocks Highway (Sept. 2021)
- Barrier Highway (Oct 2022)
- Regional Highways (ongoing)



Risky Roads



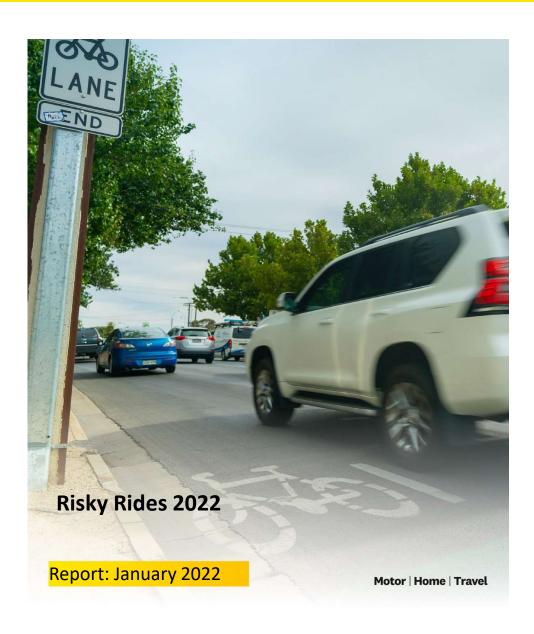


Survey conducted every two - three years

- Top 10 roads and intersections
- Regional and metropolitan
- Maintenance issues focus highly in both
- Next survey scheduled for April 2024



Risky Rides



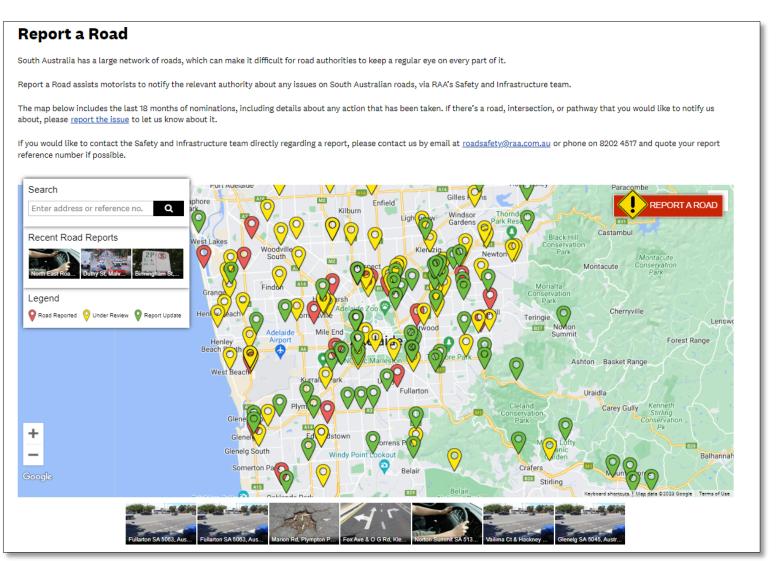
Focused on cycling network

- Metropolitan and Regional
- Maintenance and safety
- Gaps in cycling infrastructure



Report-a-Road

- Single point of enquiry
- Network issues and inconsistencies
- Maintenance
- Log enquiries via <u>raa.com.au/report-a-road</u> or 8202 4517
- Road rules information 8202 4570





RAA Fact Sheets



Between 2014 and 2018, heavy vehicles were involved in 18 per cent of fatal vehicle crashes. They present a major road safety issue because of their size, mass and inability to stop or change direction as quickly as smaller vehicles in an emergency.

Motorists need to be aware of the difficulties associated with driving a heavy vehicle, and to keep this in mind when sharing the road with a truck, road train or bus.

Avoid heavy vehicle blind spots

Heavy vehicles have four blind spots that motorists should avoid:

- beside the truck's left door
- · by the truck's right door
- · directly behind the truck
- · immediately in front of the truck.



Travel at a safe following distance

Heavy vehicles take time to accelerate and slow down, so it's important to stay at a safe distance when following

- Following too closely will limit how far ahead of the vehicle you can see.
- If you can't see the vehicle's mirrors, then the driver can't see you.
- Allow enough time to stop safely, especially in wet weather.
- If the vehicle has a 'Do Not Overtake Turning Vehicle' sign, it's allowed to take up more than one lane when turning. Be aware of this when you're turning near a heavy vehicle.
- Don't stop too close behind a heavy vehicle on an uphill grade, as it may roll back slightly.

Stay at a safe distance when following heavy vehicles.



There's some confusion in the motoring world about the use of fog lights, driving lights, daytime running lights (DRLs) and parking lights.

This fact sheets explains how these lights differ and what role they play.

Daytime running lights (DRLs)

DRLs are a modern safety feature designed to help oncoming drivers see your vehicle during the day. They're usually an LED type light and are commonly positioned around the normal headlight casing. DRLs are illuminated as soon as the vehicle's ignition is switched on. They're not intended to be used as fog lights, and keep in mind that the tail lights don't come on with DRLs.





Fog lights

Under section 217 of the Australian Road Rules:

- 'front fog light' means a light (other than a headlight) fitted to the front of a vehicle to improve illumination of the road in fog, snowfall, heavy rain or dust clouds
- 'rear fog light' means a light (other than a brake light, a tail light, a number plate light or a reversing light) fitted to the rear of a vehicle to make the vehicle more easily visible from the rear in fog, snowfall, heavy rain or dust cloude.

These lights have a specific purpose and must only be used in the poor visibility conditions listed in the rules above. It's important to turn them off when conditions improve because they can dazzle oncoming drivers. Using them in clear conditions can attract a \$260 fine, plus a \$60 Victims of Crime Levy.



Rear fog lights.



Speed Limits

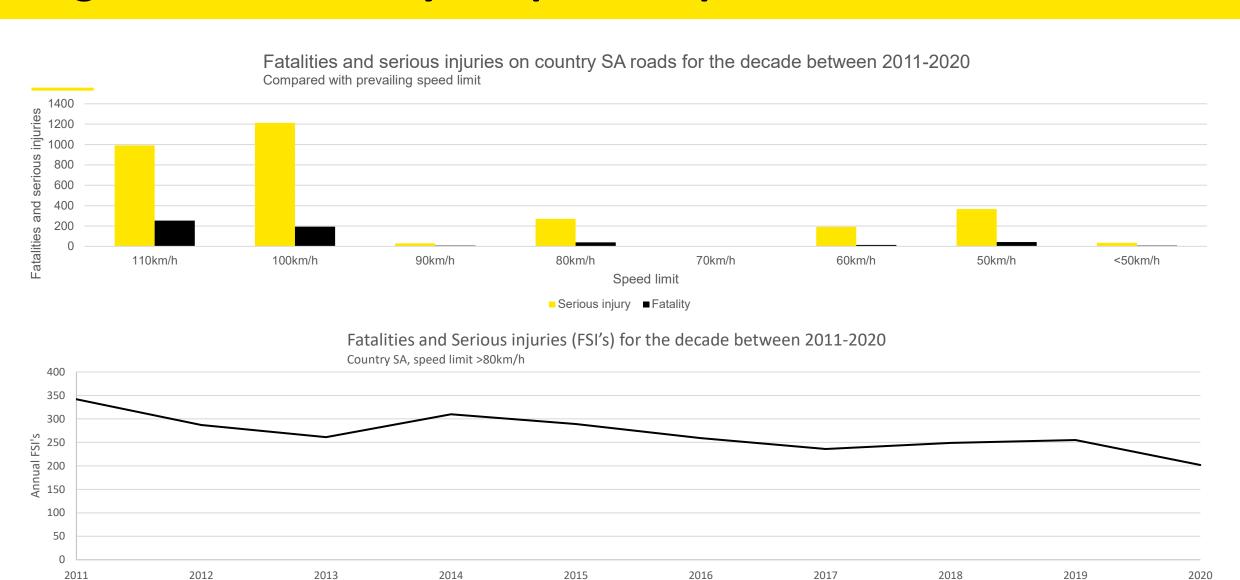
Australian Standard AS 1742 Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices - Part 4

Objective of Speed Management

- To contribute road safety, mobility and amenity on public roads by providing a system of speed limits that are compatible with the speed environment
- They should be set so as to encourage a uniform speed of travel and reduce conflicts due to speed differential between vehicles
- Austroads Guide to Road Safety Speed limits and Speed Management



Regional Road Safety - Impact of speed on crashes



Year

Impact of road environment on crashes





Safe System Assessment:

Exposure

Treatments to remove conflict e.g. full/partial road closure (e.g. right turn bans), segregated bike paths.

Likelihood

Treatments to reduce chance of crash occurring, e.g. wide sealed shoulders, audio tactile edge lines, overtaking lanes, wide centrelines, reduced speed limits.

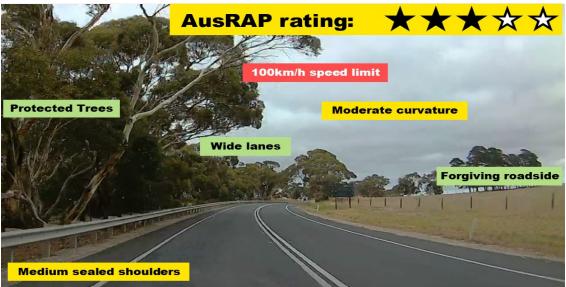
Severity

Treatments that reduce the chances of fatal or serious outcome in the event of a crash, e.g. reduced speed limits, improving intersection crash angles, installing crash barriers



How good are our roads?





iRAP/AusRAP Star Rating:

- A 40% reduction in fatal and serious crashes can be achieved by each incremental increase in star rating.
- iRAP data and research shows that a typical three star rated road has 64% fewer fatal and serious crashes per kilometre travelled than a typical one star rated road.
- Star rating considers more than 60 factors over 100m road segments including traffic volume, road width, speed limit, type and proximity of roadside hazards, curves/crests and intersections.

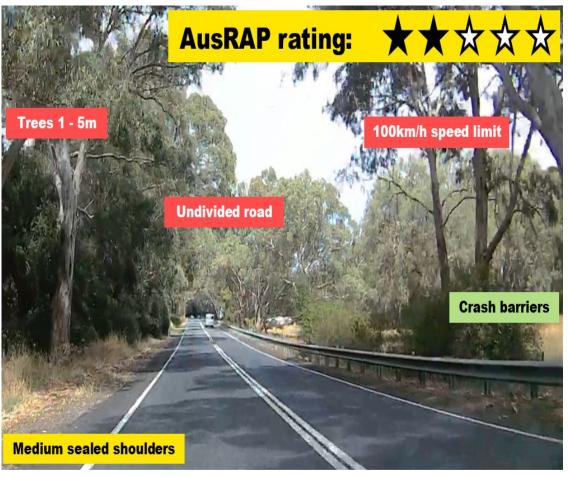


Victor Harbor Road - All Stars Road

Mt Jagged



Hindmarsh Valley





Victor Harbor Road

Willunga



McLaren Vale





Victor Harbor Road

Willunga Hill



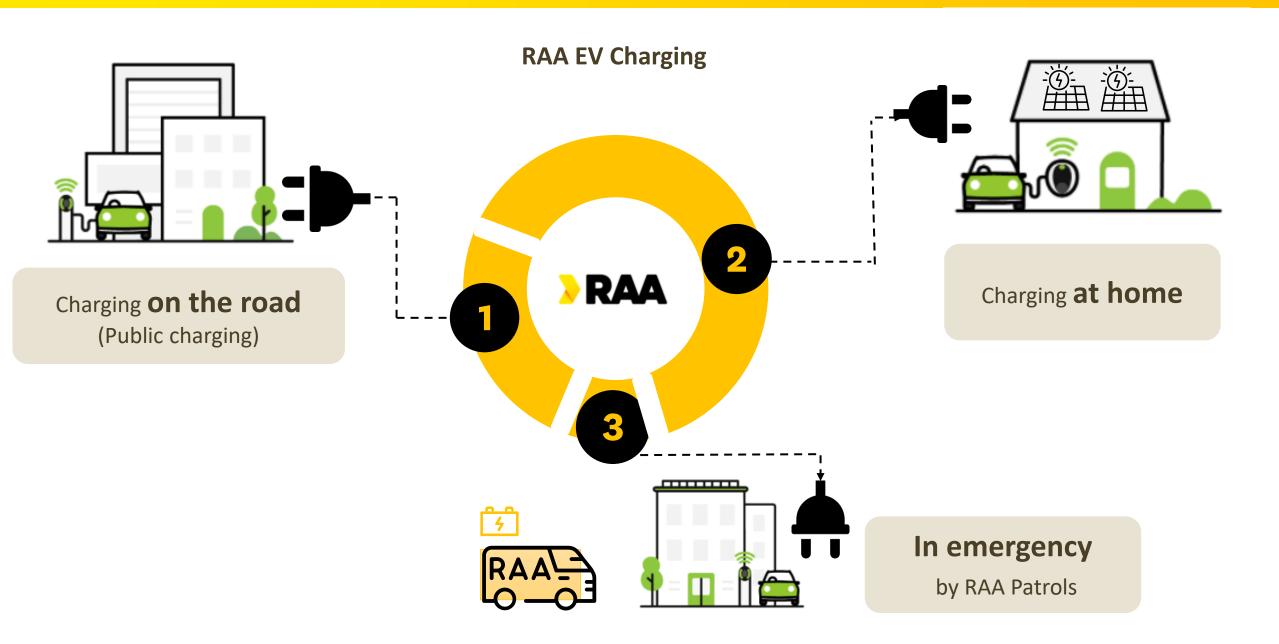




South Australia's EV Charging Network



RAA EV Charging Proposition



We are building the state's first EV charging network

What is it?

- Australia's first border to border charging network.
- 140 charging sites equipped with over
 530 charging plugs across the state.
- **86 AC "fast"** charging sites located within Hotels, Motel and Adelaide CBD carparks.
- 54 DC "rapid & ultra-rapid" charging sites located at Shopping Centres, Public carparks and along highway roadsides.



RAA Charge is now live!





Pricing details



AC dynamic pricing model

Daytime: 25c kWh

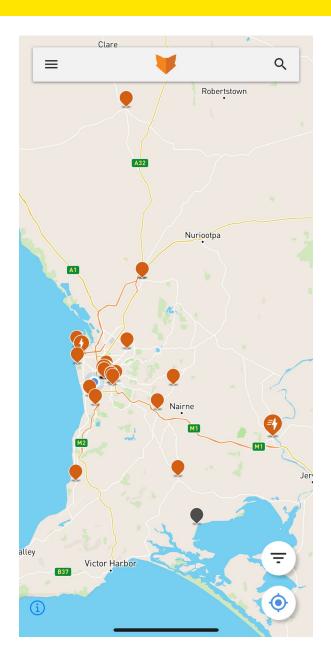
Evening peak times (5:00pm –

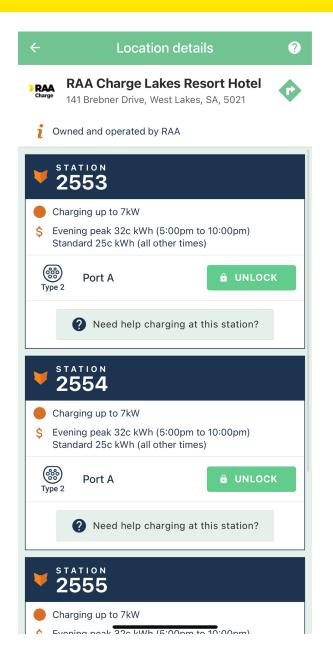
10:00pm): **32c kWh**

RAA 10% Member discount for first 12 months.



How does it work?







- The RAA Charge network will be accessible to customers via the Chargefox platform
- No physical card required!
- Chargefox is the largest EV charging network provider in Australia and New Zealand
- Available via the Google Play Store and Apple App Store



Thank You

